

Artix-7 FPGA AC701 Evaluation Kit (Vivado Design Suite 2012.4)

Getting Started Guide

UG967 (v1.0) January 10, 2013



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Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document.

Date	Version	Revision
01/10/13	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.

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Getting Started with the Artix-7 FPGA AC701 Evaluation Kit

Introduction

The Artix™-7 FPGA AC701 Evaluation Kit (see [Figure 1](#)) provides a comprehensive, high-performance development and demonstration platform based on the XC7A200T-2-FBG676 FPGA for high-bandwidth and high-performance applications in multiple market segments. The built-in self-test (BIST) and the Artix-7 FPGA Base Targeted Reference Design (TRD) are developed on this Kit.



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Figure 1: AC701 Evaluation Kit

This Getting Started Guide is divided into two sections:

- Basic Hardware Bring-up: Enables hands-on operation of all the features in the BIST as well as evaluation of Analog Mixed Signal (AMS) using the AMS101 evaluation card.
- Advanced Bring-up: Enables hands-on operation with the base TRD, which features PCIe, DDR3 memory, AXI stream interconnect, and AXI virtual FIFO controller IP cores—all supported through a custom evaluation graphical user interface (GUI).

AC701 Evaluation Kit Contents

- AC701 evaluation board featuring the XC7A200T-2-FBG676 FPGA
- AMS101 evaluation board
- Full seat Vivado Design Suite device-locked to the Artix-7 XC7A200T-2-FBG676 FPGA
- Board Design Files
 - Schematics
 - Board layout files
 - Bill of Materials
- Documentation
 - Hardware User Guide
 - Getting Started Guide
 - Reference Design User Guide
- 12V AC-adaptor Power Supply
- Cables
 - RJ45 Ethernet Cable
 - HDMI cable
 - Digilent USB JTAG Cable
 - USB-A to USB-mini-B cable
- Software and reference designs, demos, and documents to quickly get started
 - The BIST files (RDF0220) can be found at www.xilinx.com/ac701 in the Docs & Designs tab.

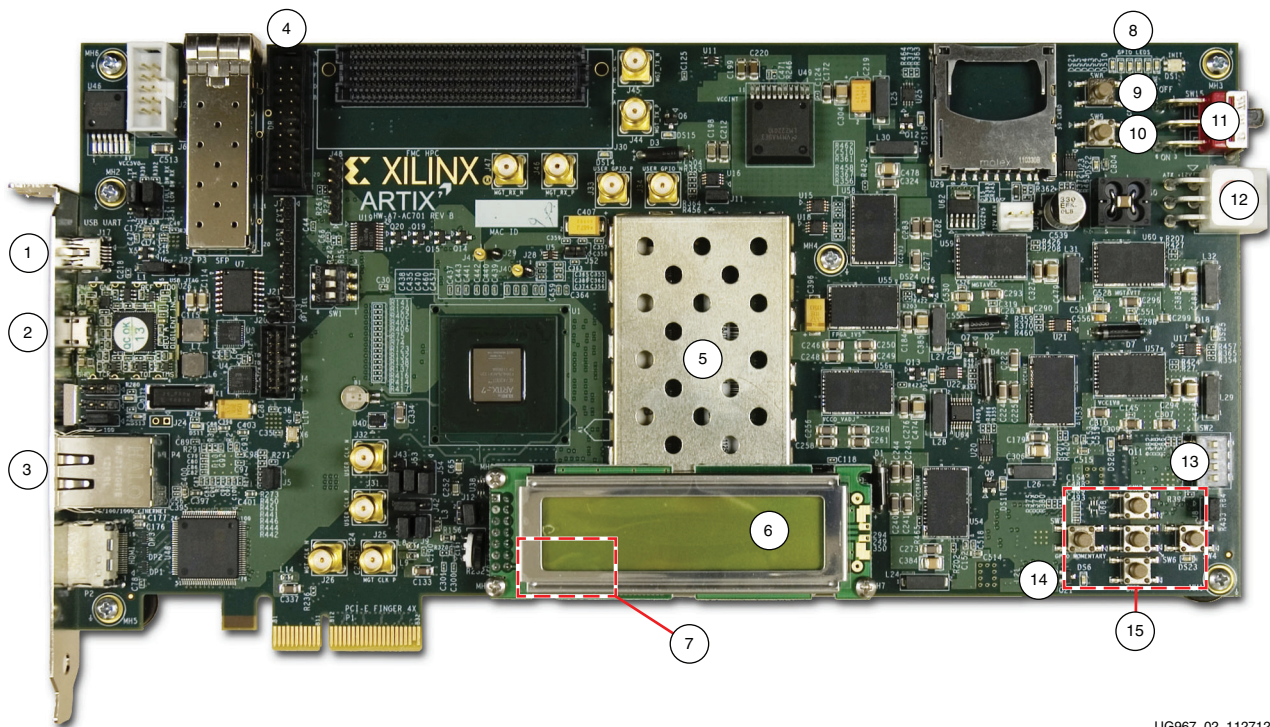
The tutorials and reference designs available on the AC701 Web page can be used to further explore the capabilities of the AC701 and the Artix-7 FPGA. For additional information, see the Artix-7 Family FPGAs [Product Table](#). For the most up-to-date information on the tutorial content provided with the AC701 Evaluation Kit, see the AC701 Reference Design Web page by visiting www.xilinx.com/ac701 and clicking the Docs & Designs tab.

Basic Hardware Bring-up with Built-In Self-Test

Introduction

The BIST tests many of the features offered by the Artix-7 FPGA AC701 Evaluation Kit. The test is an available reference design for the AC701 Evaluation Kit and can be programmed into the FPGA via the JTAG interface.

Figure 2 and Table 1 provide an overview of the board features utilized by the BIST and the AMS101 evaluation card.



UG967_02_112712

Figure 2: AC701 Board Detail

Table 1: AC701 Board Features

Callout	Component Description
1	USB-UART connector
2	Diligent JTAG connector
3	RJ45 Ethernet connector
4	XADC header
5	DDR3 external memory
6	LCD display

Table 1: AC701 Board Features (Cont'd)

Callout	Component Description
7	Rotary switch (under LCD)
8	Status LEDs
9	CPU reset button
10	Prog button
11	Power slide switch
12	12V power connector
13	User DIP switch
14	User LEDs
15	User push buttons

For a diagram of all features on the AC701 Board, see [UG952](#), *AC701 Evaluation Board for the Artix-7 FPGA User Guide*.

Hardware Test Setup Requirements

The prerequisites for testing the design in hardware are:

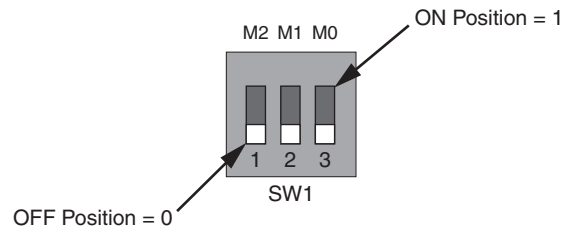
- AC701 evaluation board with XC7A200T-2-FBG676 FPGA
- USB-to-Mini-B cable (for UART)
- USB-to-Micro-B JTAG Digilent cable
- AC Power Adapter (12 VDC)
- TeraTerm Pro or other terminal program
- USB-UART drivers from SiLabs [\[Ref 1\]](#)

Hardware Test Board Setup

This section details the hardware setup and use of the terminal program for running the BIST application. It details step-by-step instructions for board bring-up.

AC701 Evaluation Board Setup

1. Set all three of the AC701 board SW1 switches to the OFF position as shown in Figure 3.



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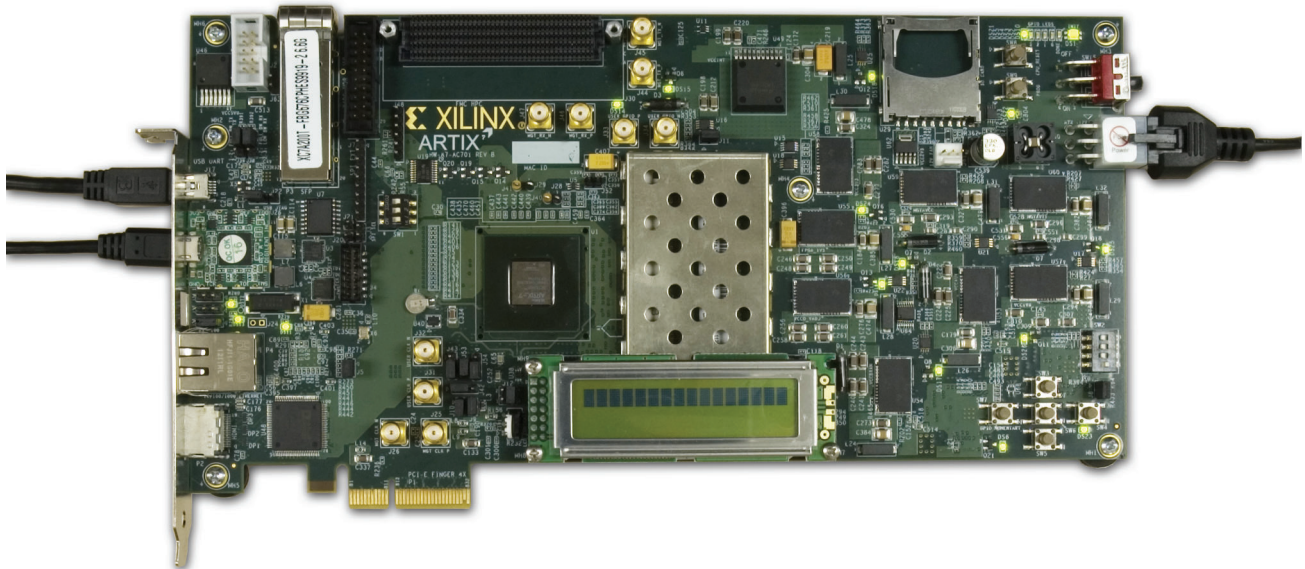
Figure 3: SW1 Switch Settings for JTAG Programming Mode

Note: For this application, the board should be set up as a standalone system, powered with the AC-adaptor provided with the AC701 Evaluation Kit.

Hardware Bring-up

This section details the steps for hardware bring-up.

1. With the board switched off, connect a USB-mini-B cable into the UART port of the AC701 and the host PC (see Figure 4).



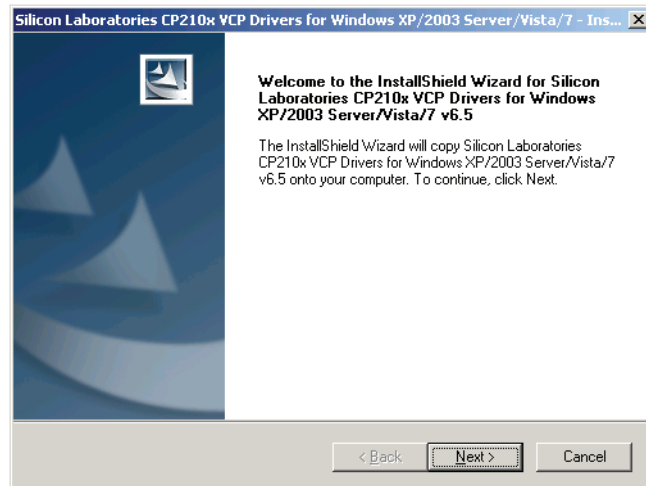
UG967_04_111412

Figure 4: AC701 Board with UART, Digilent JTAG, and 12V Adapter Cables Attached

2. Connect the 12V adapter cable.
3. Connect the Digilent JTAG cable.
4. Switch AC701 Power to ON.

Install the Silicon Labs UART Device Driver.

1. Run the downloaded executable UART-USB driver file, listed in [Hardware Test Setup Requirements](#) (see [Figure 5](#)). This enables UART-USB communications with a host PC.

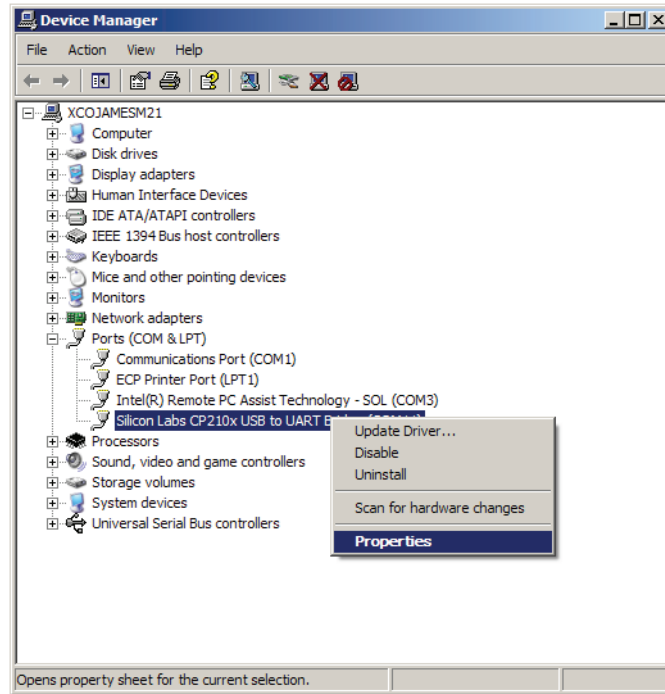


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Figure 5: UART Cable Driver Installation Dialog

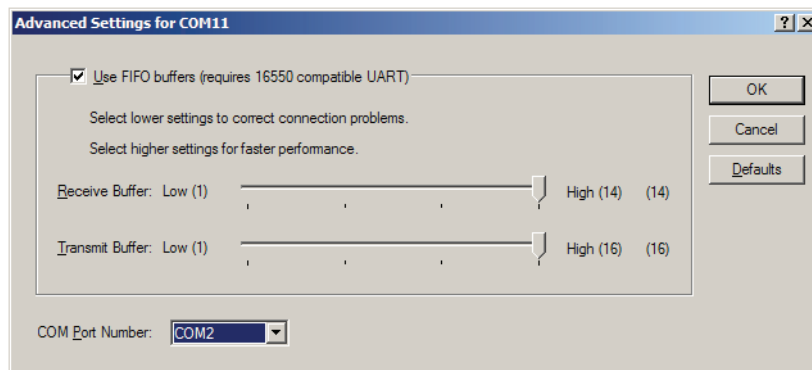
2. Set the USB-UART connection to a known PORT in the Device Manager:
 - a. Right-click the **Computer** desktop icon and select **Properties**.
 - b. Click **Device Manager**.
 - c. Right-click the Cypress device in the list, and select **Properties** (see [Figure 6](#)).
 - d. Click the **Port Settings** tab, then click the **Advanced...** button.
 - e. Select an open COM port between COM1 and COM4 (see [Figure 7](#)).

Note: Steps and diagrams refer to a Windows host PC.



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Figure 6: Selecting the Cypress Driver in the Device Manager



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Figure 7: Setting the Port for the Cypress Driver

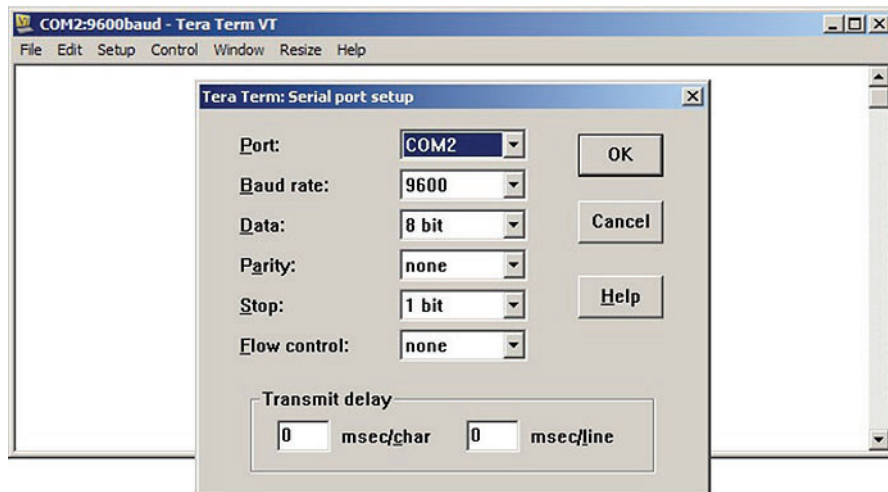
Run the BIST Application

1. Download RDF0220 from the web at www.xilinx.com/ac701 under the Docs & Designs tab.
2. Unzip the design files to the C : \ directory.
3. Open an ISE® Design Suite command prompt and type:

```
cd C:\ac701_bist\ready_for_download
```

ac701_bist.bat

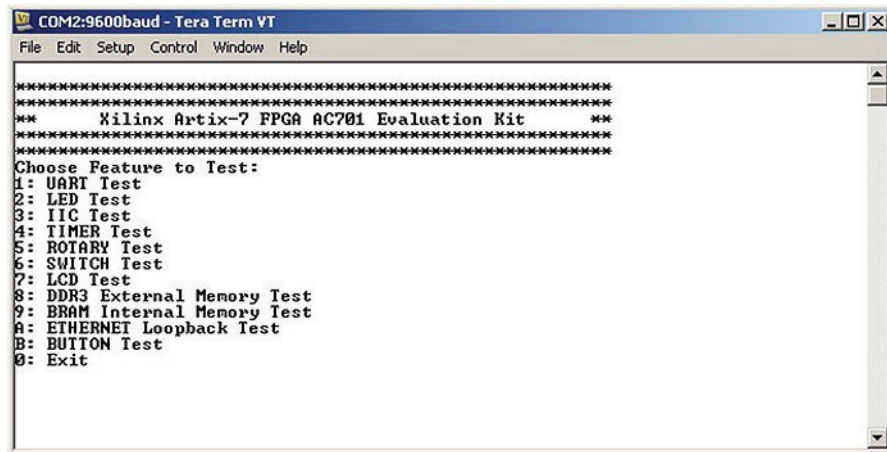
4. Start the installed terminal program.
5. Select **Setup > Serial Port...** and ensure that the settings match those shown in [Figure 8](#):
 - **Baud Rate:** 9600
 - **Data:** 8 bit
 - **Parity:** none
 - **Stop:** 1 bit
 - **Flow control:** none



UG967_08_111412

Figure 8: Serial Port Setup

6. Select the desired tests to run and observe the test results (see [Figure 9](#)).



```
COM2:9600baud - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
*****
**      Xilinx Artix-7 FPGA AC701 Evaluation Kit      **
*****
Choose Feature to Test:
1: UART Test
2: LED Test
3: IIC Test
4: TIMER Test
5: ROTARY Test
6: SWITCH Test
7: LCD Test
8: DDR3 External Memory Test
9: BRAM Internal Memory Test
A: ETHERNET Loopback Test
B: BUTTON Test
0: Exit
```

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Figure 9: BIST Main Menu

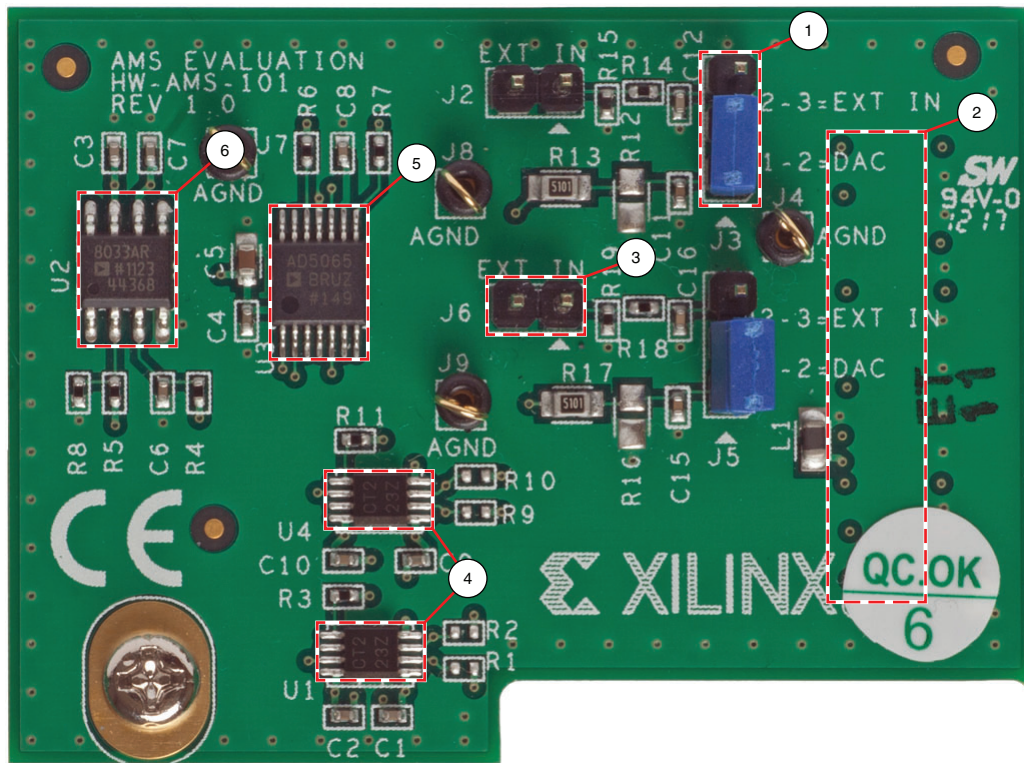
For more information on the BIST software and additional tutorials, including how to restore the default content of the on-board non-volatile storage, see the AC701 Evaluation Kit at www.xilinx.com/ac701.

AMS Bring-up with the AMS101 Evaluation Card

Introduction

The Artix-7 XC7A200T-2-FBG676 FPGA features two 1 Mega-samples per second (MSPS), 12-bit, Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADCs) built into the device for a range of applications including simple analog monitoring to more signal processing-intensive tasks such as linearization, calibration, oversampling, and filtering. The AC701 Evaluation Kit includes the hardware and software to evaluate the ADC feature. The AC701 Evaluation Kit also includes voltage, current and power monitoring for nine of the analog power supplies on the board. For evaluation of Xilinx Analog Mixed Signal (AMS) capability, the following items in the kit are needed:

- Access to the AC701 board XADC header (see [Figure 2](#))
- AMS101 evaluation card (see [Figure 10](#) and [Table 1](#))
- Design and software files downloaded from the Docs & Designs tab at www.xilinx.com/ac701
- FPGA design programming files
- USB-UART drivers from Silicon Labs



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Figure 10: AMS101 Evaluation Card

Table 2: AMS101 Evaluation Card Features

Callout	Component Description
1	Jumpers to select DAC or external signal source.
2	20-pin connector to the XADC header on the AC701 board.
3	Pins for external analog input signals.
4	Digital I/O level translators.
5	16-bit DAC to set analog test voltage.
6	Reference buffer for DAC.

Getting Started

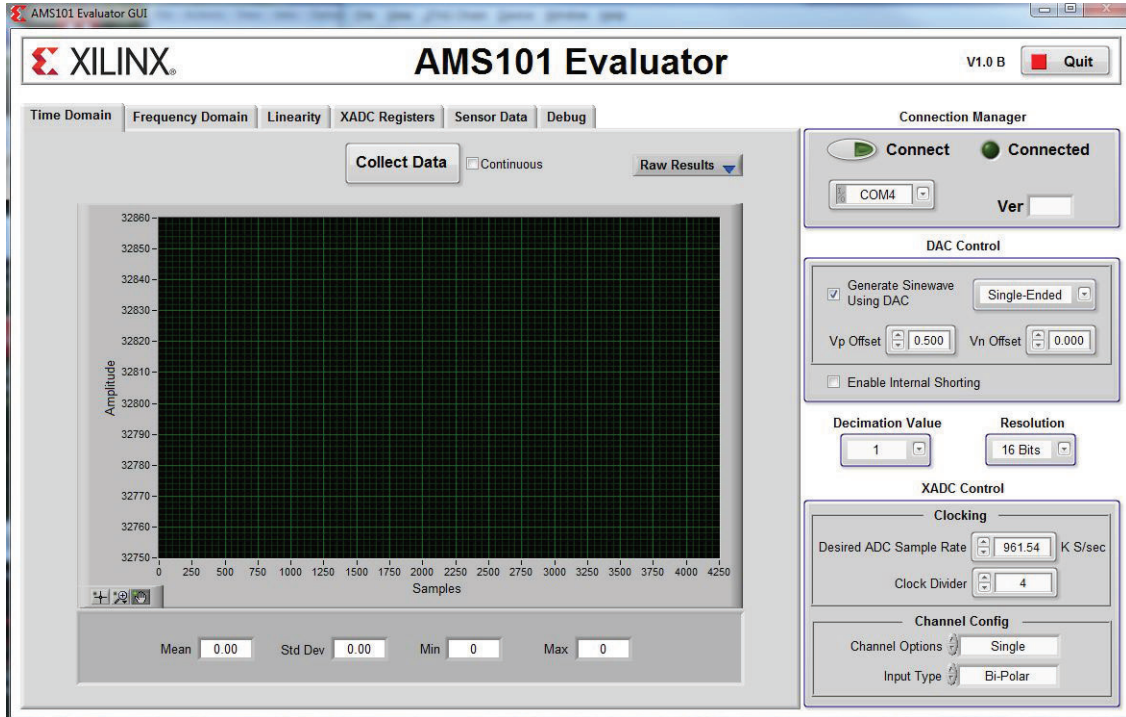
1. Verify the USB/UART Silicon Labs drivers are installed as described in [Install the Silicon Labs UART Device Driver, page 10](#).
2. The AMS101 evaluation card requires a Windows host PC to install the National Instruments LabVIEW run-time engine. Install the AMS101 Evaluator tool by unzipping the AC701 AMS Evaluator installer files from Example Designs on the Docs and Designs tab at www.xilinx.com/ac701. After opening the zip folder, click the `setup.exe` file to begin installing the GUI software. When loading the National Instruments LabView

run-time engine, click **OK** to accept the license agreement. Running the setup program loads the AMS101 Evaluator GUI with the red Xilinx logo on the desktop.

3. After the AMS Evaluator has successfully installed, restart the host PC.
4. Unzip the AC701 AMS design files from Example Designs on the Docs and Designs tab at the AC701 support page to access the AMS bitstream (`xadc_eval_design.bit`)

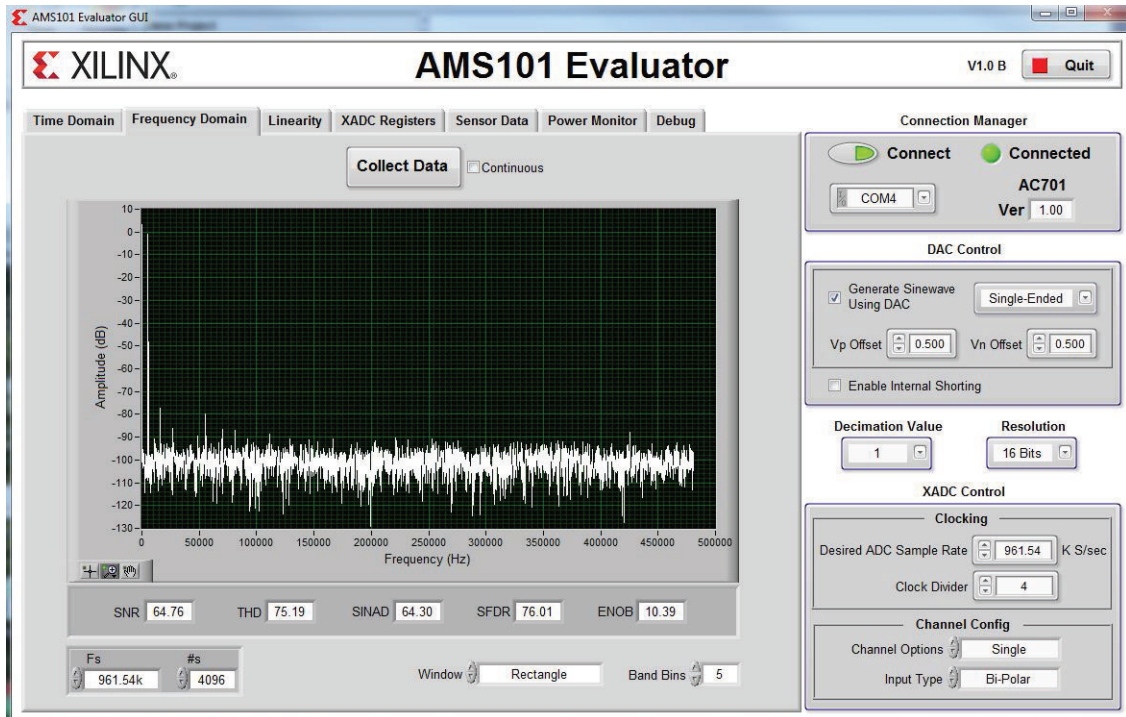
Evaluating AMS

1. Connect and apply power to the hardware.
 - a. Connect the AMS101 evaluation card to the AC701 board, making sure the notch on the XADC header lines up correctly with the connector on the AMS101 evaluation card.
2. Download the design to the Artix-7 XC7A200T-2-FBG676 FPGA from the AC701 AMS design files.
 - a. Open the ChipScope analyzer in the Vivado Design Suite (select **Flow > Launch ChipScope Analyzer**)
 - b. Click the **Open_cable** command.
 - c. Select **Device**, choose **Configure**, and click **Select New File**.
 - d. Open `xadc_eval_design.bit` from the AC701 board AMS design files folder.
3. Open the AMS Evaluator tool.
 - a. Running the setup program loads the AMS101 Evaluator GUI with the red Xilinx logo on your desktop. [Figure 11](#) shows the AMS101 Evaluator after opening. From here, click the **Collect Data** button in the center to quickly evaluate the analog signals in the time and frequency domain, display linearity, verify the XADC register settings, and measure the internal temperature sensor and supply voltages.
 - b. [Figure 12](#) shows the XADC results in the frequency domain.
 - c. The AMS101 evaluation card provides a dual 16-bit DAC for use as an analog test source. External analog signals can also be applied to the card. For a more extensive explanation of the AMS101 evaluation card and the various functions in the AMS Evaluator tool, refer to [UG886](#), *AMS101 Evaluation Card User Guide*.



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Figure 11: AMS Evaluator Tool



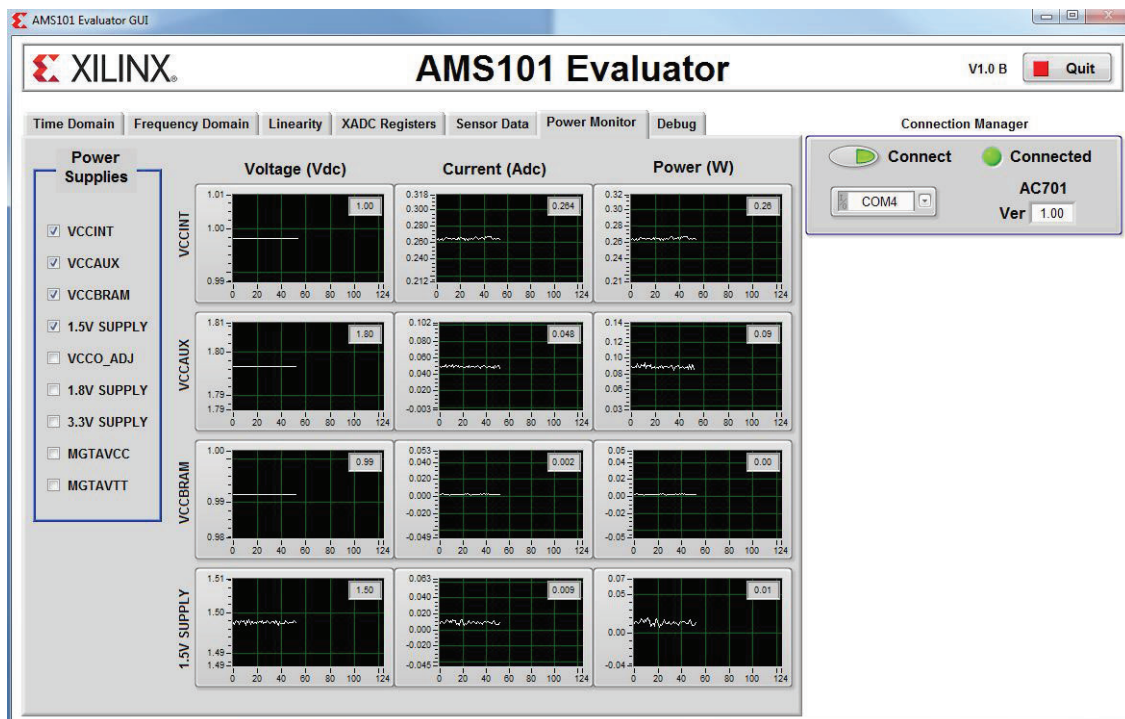
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Figure 12: XADC Fast Fourier Transform Result

Power Monitoring

In addition to measuring the analog signals from the AMS101 evaluation card, the AC701 also uses the XADC as a system monitoring solution for measuring the voltage, load current and calculated power for nine of the AC701 board analog power supplies. By offering 12-bits, 1 MSPS and up to 17 externally multiplexed inputs, the XADC is a good solution for monitoring voltage and current on all Artix-7 FPGA applications. Figure 13 shows an example of the AC701 monitoring V_{CCINT} , V_{CCAUX} , V_{CCBRAM} and the 1.5V supply.

In conjunction with the AMS Evaluator, the AC701 AMS reference design also measures the voltages, current and power for V_{CCO_ADJ} , the 1.8V supply, the 3.3V supply, MGTAVCC and MGTAVTT.



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Figure 13: Voltage, Current and Power Monitoring on AC701 Board Supplies

Advanced Bring-up with Base Targeted Reference Design

Introduction

Figure 14 depicts the block-level overview of the Artix-7 FPGA base Targeted Reference Design (TRD) which delivers up to 10 Gb/s of performance per direction.

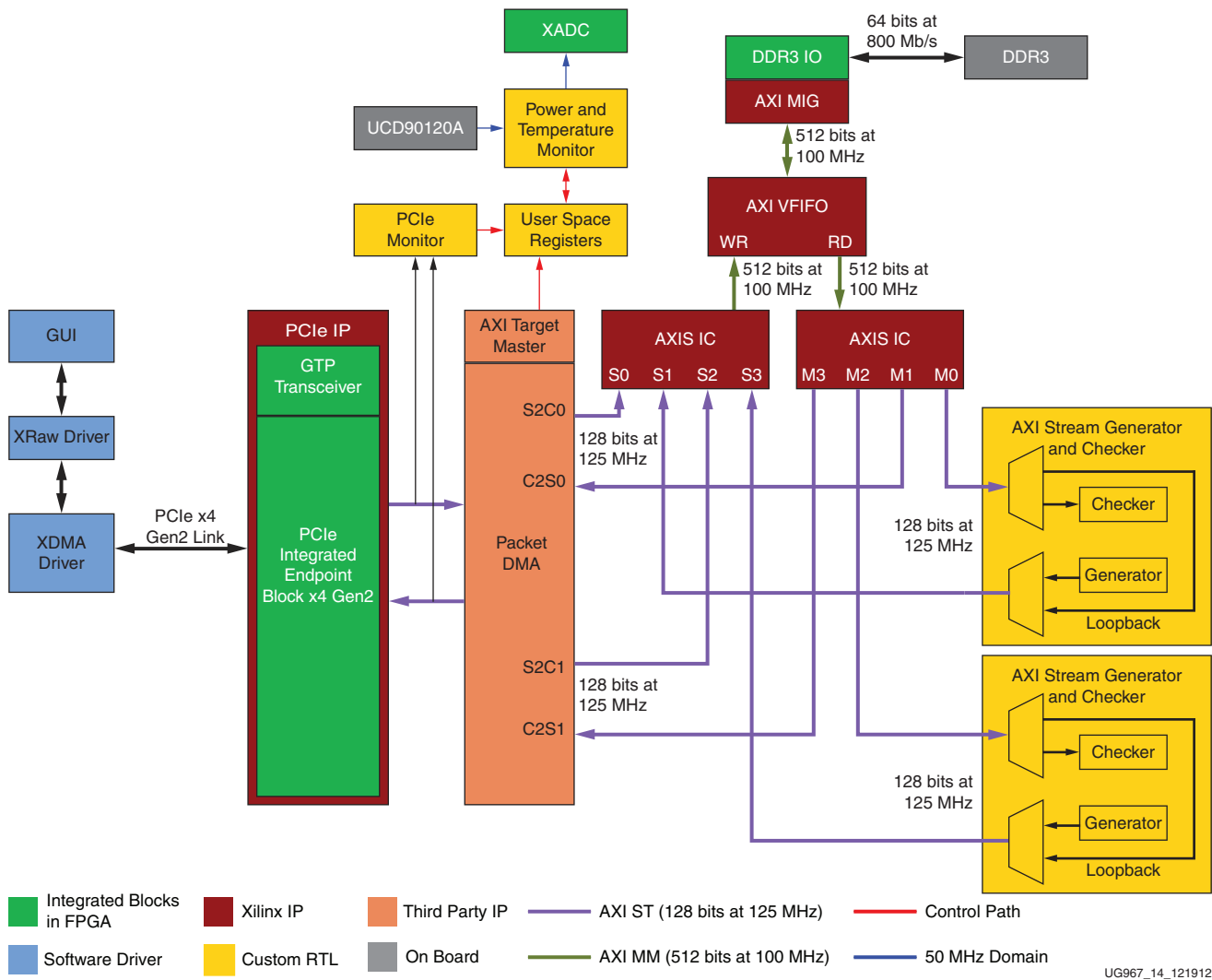


Figure 14: Artix-7 FPGA Base TRD Block Diagram

The intent of this design is to demonstrate a high performance data transfer system using the PCI Express® x4 GEN2 endpoint with a high performance scatter-gather packet DMA controller from NorthWest Logic and DDR3 64-bit SODIMM memory operating at 800 Mb/s.

The PCIe® endpoint and DMA controller together are responsible for the movement of data between a PC and an FPGA. S2C implies data movement from a PC to an FPGA and C2S implies data movement from an FPGA to a PC. A DDR3 SDRAM (64-bit, 800 Mb/s or 400 MHz) is used for packet buffering — a virtual FIFO layer facilitates the use of DDR3 memory as multiple FIFOs. Additionally, the design provides power monitoring capability based on a PicoBlaze™ embedded processor.

For software, the design provides 32-bit Linux drivers targeting the Fedora 16 platform and a graphical user interface (GUI) which controls the tests and monitors the status.

Features

Base Features

This section lists the features of the Targeted Reference Design.

- PCI Express v2.1 compliant x4 endpoint operating at 5Gb/s/lane/direction
 - PCIe transaction interface utilization monitor
 - MSI & Legacy interrupt support
- Bus Mastering Scatter-gather DMA
 - Multi-channel DMA
 - AXI4-Stream interface for data
 - AXI4 interface for register space access
 - DMA performance monitor
 - Full duplex operation
 - Independent transmit and receive channels
- Virtual FIFO layer over DDR3 memory
 - Provides 4 channel design (4 FIFOs in DDR3 SODIMM)

Application Features

- PicoBlaze processor-based PVT Monitoring
 - Built-in hardware to monitor power by reading the TI UCD90120A power controller chip included on the AC701 evaluation board
 - Built-in hardware to monitor die temperature by way of a Xilinx Analog-to-Digital Converter

Test Setup Requirements

The prerequisites for testing the design in hardware are

- AC701 evaluation board with XC7A200T-2-FBG676 FPGA
- Design consisting of:
 - Design source files
 - Device driver files
 - FPGA programming files
 - Documentation
- Vivado™ Design Edition v2012.4
- Micro USB cable
- Fedora 16 LiveDVD
- A PC with PCIe v2.1 compliant slot. For a complete list of recommended machines, and all known issues, refer to the Artix-7 FPGA Base Targeted Reference Design Release Notes and Known Issues Master Answer Record at <http://www.xilinx.com/support/answers/53372.htm>.

Note: The PC could also have Fedora 16 Linux OS installed.

Hardware Demonstration Setup

This section details the hardware setup and use of the provided control and monitoring application and GUI to assist in getting started quickly with the hardware. Step-by-step explanations are provided on hardware bring-up, software bring-up, and the use of the application GUI.

Board Setup

This section details how to set up the AC701 evaluation board as required for demonstrating the TRD.

Setting the AC701 jumpers and switches

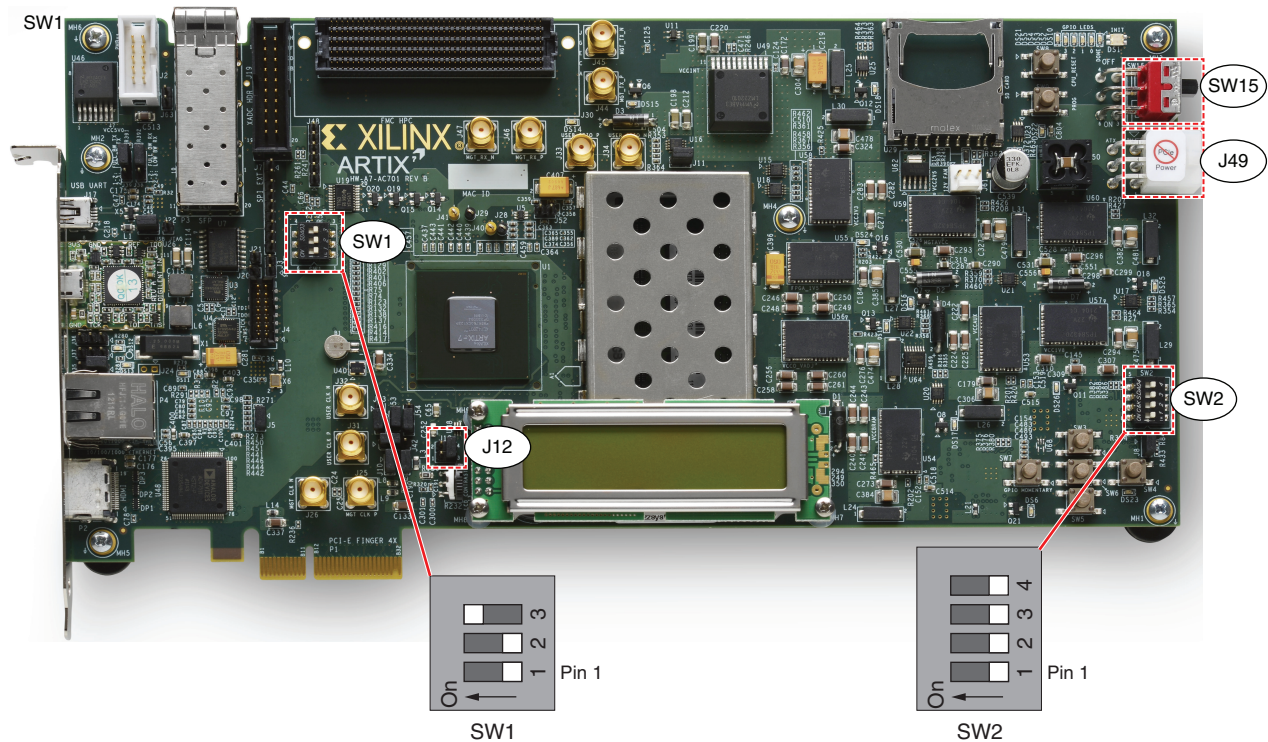
1. Verify the switch and jumper settings are as shown in [Table 3](#), [Table 4](#), and [Figure 15](#).

Table 3: AC701 Board Required Jumper Settings

Jumper	Function	Setting
J12	PCIe endpoint configuration width; 4-lane design	3-4

Table 4: AC701 Board Required Switch Settings

Switch	Function/Type		Setting
SW15	Board power slide-switch		off
SW2	User GPIO DIP switch		
	4		off
	3		off
	2		off
SW1	Positions 1, 2, and 3 set configuration mode		
	3	001 – Master SPI	on
	2	101 – JTAG	off
	1		off



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Figure 15: AC701 Board Switch and Jumper Locations

Hardware Bring up

All procedures listed in the following sections require super-user access on a Linux PC. When using the Fedora 16 LiveDVD provided with the kit, super-user access is granted by default due to the manner in which the kernel image is built; If not using the LiveDVD, it is important to ensure that super-user access is granted.

1. With the host PC powered off, insert the AC701 board into the selected PCIe x4 (or wider) edge connector (see [Figure 16](#)). The PCI Express specification allows for a smaller lane width endpoint to be installed into a larger lane width PCIe connector.



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Figure 16: AC701 Board Installed in a PCIe x16 Connector

2. Connect the 12V ATX power supply 4-pin connector to the board as shown in [Figure 17](#).

Note: A 6-pin ATX supply cannot be connected directly to the AC701 board; A 4-pin adapter is necessary in this instance.

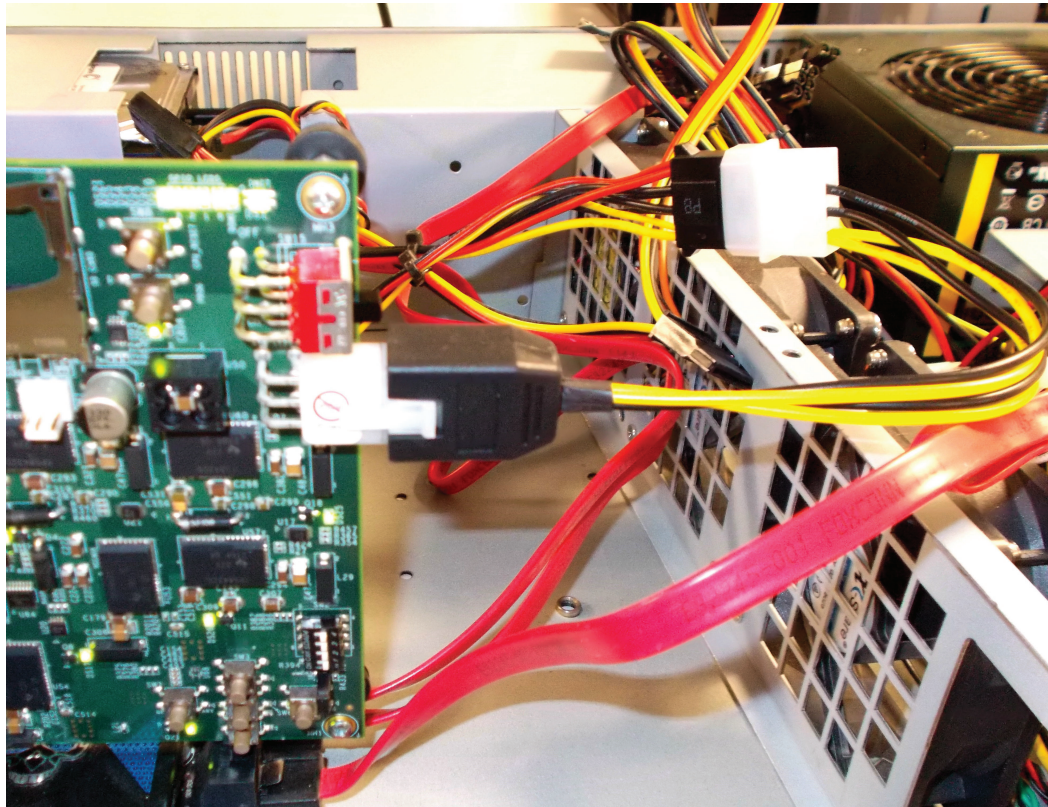


Figure 17: Power Supply Connection

3. To avoid loose contact issues, make sure the connections are secure. Turn ON the SW15 switch and then apply power to the system.

4. Check the status of the design using the AC701 board LEDs. The design provides status with the GPIO LEDs located on the upper right portion of the AC701 board. When the PC is powered on and the TRD has successfully configured, the LED status from left to right indicates:
 - **LED position 1:** ON if DDR3 is calibrated
 - **LED position 2:** Heart beat LED, flashes if PCIe user clock is present
 - **LED position 3:** ON if the lane width is x4, else flashing
 - **LED position 4:** ON if the PCIe link is up

Figure 18 shows the location of the status LEDs.

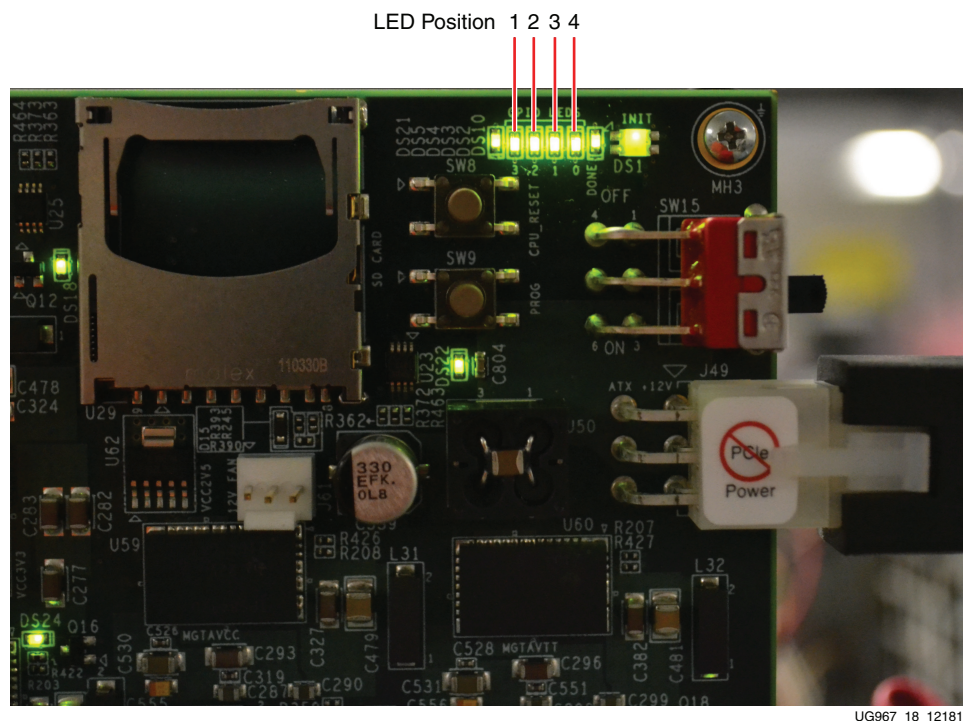


Figure 18: GPIO LEDs Indicating TRD Status

Linux Driver Installation

The following sections describe installing the device drivers for the Artix-7 FPGA base TRD after completion of the prior steps.

1. If the Fedora 16 Linux OS is currently installed on the PC, boot as a root-privileged user and skip to [step 4](#).
2. To boot from the Fedora 16 LiveDVD provided in the kit, place the DVD in the PC DVD-ROM drive. The Fedora 16 Live Media is for Intel-compatible PCs. The DVD contains a complete, bootable 32-bit Fedora 16 environment with the proper packages installed

for the TRD demonstration environment. The PC boots from the DVD-ROM drive and logs into a liveuser account. This account has kernel development root privileges required to install and remove device driver modules.

Note: It might be necessary to adjust the PC BIOS boot order settings to ensure that the DVD-ROM drive is the first drive in the boot order. Refer to the PC user manual for the proper procedure to set the BIOS boot order.

The PC should boot from the DVD-ROM drive. The images in [Figure 19](#) are seen on the monitor during startup.

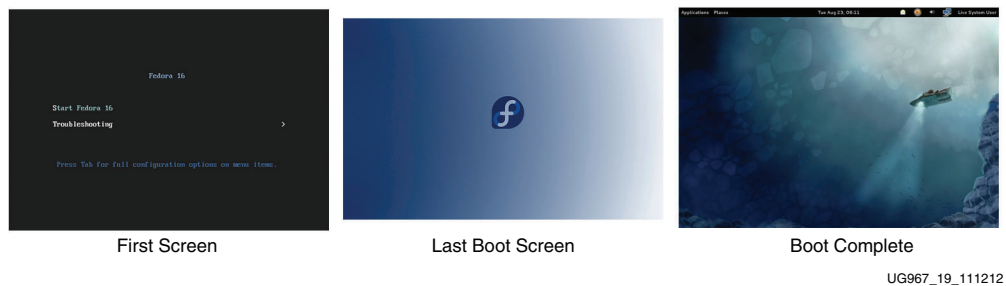


Figure 19: Fedora 16 LiveDVD Boot Sequence

3. After Fedora boots, open a terminal window (click **Activities** > **Application**, scroll down, and click the **Terminal** icon).

To determine if the PCIe integrated block is detected, at the terminal command prompt, type:

```
$ lspci
```

The `lspci` command displays the PCI and PCI Express buses of the PC. On the bus corresponding to the PCIe connector holding the AC701 board, look for the message:

```
Memory controller: Xilinx Corporation Device 7042
```

This message confirms that the design programmed into the AC701 board is detected by the BIOS and the Fedora 16 OS. The bus number varies depending on the PC motherboard and slot used.

Figure 20 shows an example of the output from the `lspci` command. The highlighted region shows that Xilinx device 7042 has been located by the BIOS on bus number 3 (03:00.0 = bus:dev.function).

```

liveuser@localhost:~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[liveuser@localhost ~]$ lspci
00:00.0 Host bridge: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 I/O Hub to ESI Port (rev 12)
00:01.0 PCI bridge: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 I/O Hub PCI Express Root Port 1 (rev 12)
00:03.0 PCI bridge: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 I/O Hub PCI Express Root Port 3 (rev 12)
00:07.0 PCI bridge: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 I/O Hub PCI Express Root Port 7 (rev 12)
00:10.0 PIC: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 Physical and Link Layer Registers Port 0 (rev 12)
00:10.1 PIC: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 Routing and Protocol Layer Registers Port 0 (rev 12)
00:14.0 PIC: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 I/O Hub System Management Registers (rev 12)
00:14.1 PIC: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 I/O Hub GPIO and Scratch Pad Registers (rev 12)
00:14.2 PIC: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 I/O Hub Control Status and RAS Registers (rev 12)
00:14.3 PIC: Intel Corporation 5520/5500/X58 I/O Hub Throttle Registers (rev 12)
00:19.0 Ethernet controller: Intel Corporation 82567LM-2 Gigabit Network Connection
00:1a.0 USB Controller: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) USB UHCI Controller #4
00:1a.1 USB Controller: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) USB UHCI Controller #5
00:1a.2 USB Controller: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) USB UHCI Controller #6
00:1a.7 USB Controller: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) USB2 EHCI Controller #2
00:1b.0 Audio device: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) HD Audio Controller
00:1c.0 PCI bridge: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) PCI Express Root Port 1
00:1c.1 PCI bridge: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) PCI Express Port 2
00:1c.4 PCI bridge: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) PCI Express Root Port 5
00:1d.0 USB Controller: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) USB UHCI Controller #1
00:1d.1 USB Controller: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) USB UHCI Controller #2
00:1d.2 USB Controller: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) USB UHCI Controller #3
00:1d.7 USB Controller: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) USB2 EHCI Controller #1
00:1e.0 PCI bridge: Intel Corporation 82801 PCI Bridge (rev 90)
00:1f.0 ISA bridge: Intel Corporation 82801JIR (ICH10R) LPC Interface Controller
00:1f.2 IDE interface: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) 4 port SATA IDE Controller #1
00:1f.3 SMBus: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) SMBus Controller
00:1f.5 IDE interface: Intel Corporation 82801JI (ICH10 Family) 2 port SATA IDE Controller #2
02:00.0 VGA compatible controller: nVidia Corporation G98 [GeForce 8400 GS] (rev a1)
03:00.0 Memory controller: Xilinx Corporation Device 7042
06:00.0 IDE interface: Marvell Technology Group Ltd. 88SE6121 SATA II Controller (rev b2)
07:03.0 FireWire (IEEE 1394): Texas Instruments TSB43AB22A IEEE-1394a-2000 Controller (PHY/Link) [iOHCI-Lynx]
3f:00.0 Host bridge: Intel Corporation Xeon 5500/Core i7 QuickPath Architecture Generic Non-Core Registers (rev 05)
3f:00.1 Host bridge: Intel Corporation Xeon 5500/Core i7 QuickPath Architecture System Address Decoder (rev 05)
3f:02.0 Host bridge: Intel Corporation Xeon 5500/Core i7 QPI Link 0 (rev 05)
3f:02.1 Host bridge: Intel Corporation Xeon 5500/Core i7 QPI Physical 0 (rev 05)
3f:03.0 Host bridge: Intel Corporation Xeon 5500/Core i7 Integrated Memory Controller (rev 05)

```

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Figure 20: PCI and PCI Express Bus Devices

- Download the reference design from www.xilinx.com/ac701 and copy the `a7_base_trd` folder to the desktop (or a folder of choice). Note that this operation requires root privileges. Double-click the copied `a7_base_trd` folder.

The screen capture in [Figure 21](#) shows the content of the a7_base_trd folder.

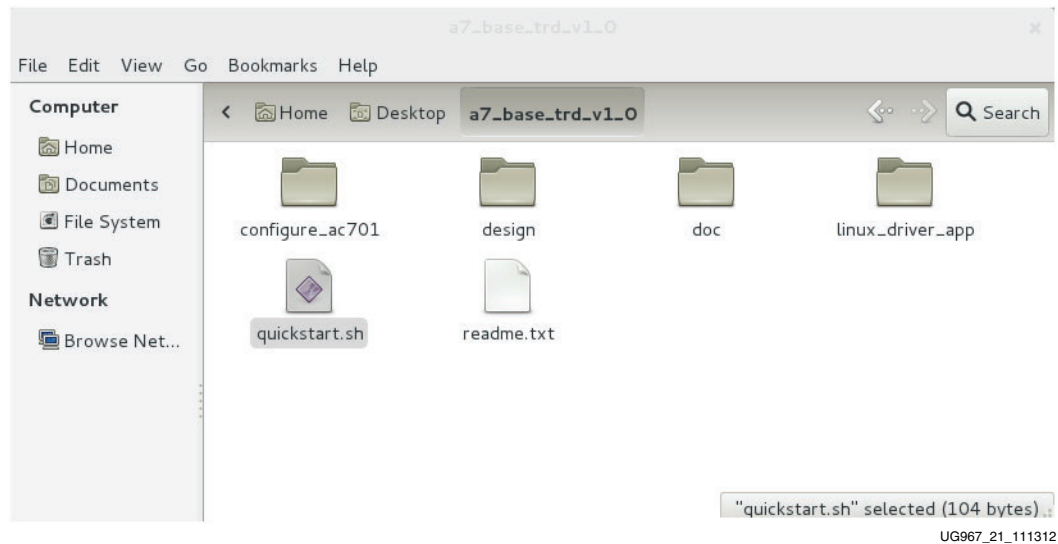


Figure 21: Structure of a7_base_trd Directory

5. Double click the **quickstart.sh** script as shown in [Figure 22](#). This script sets the proper permissions and invokes the driver installation GUI. Select **Run in Terminal**.

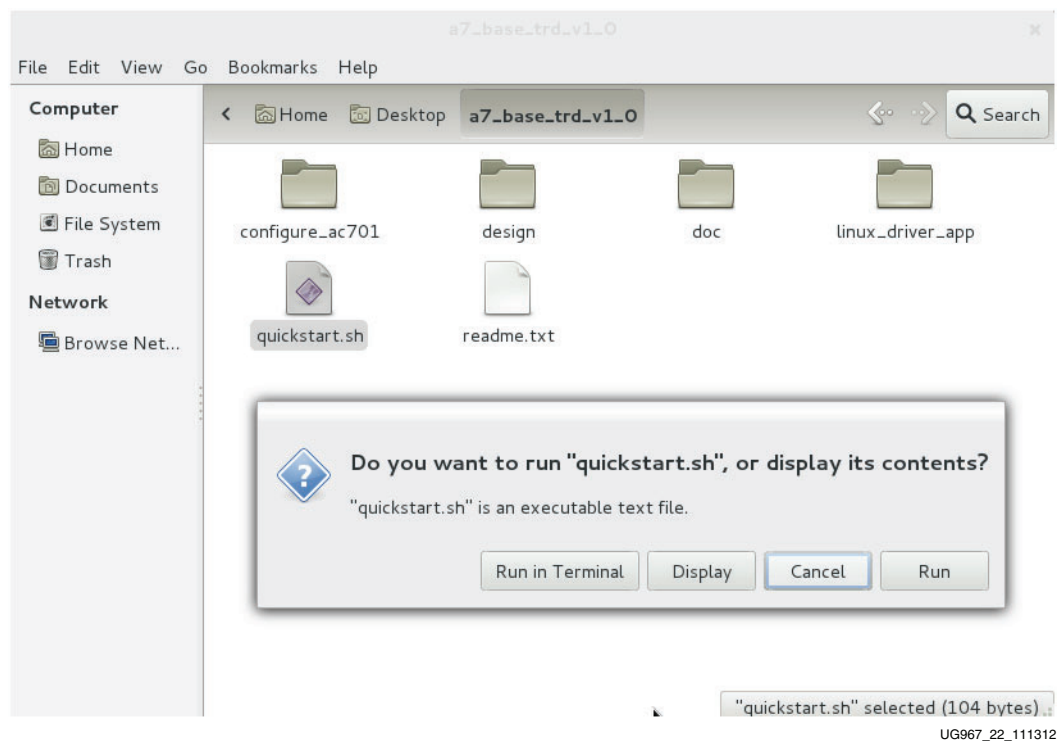
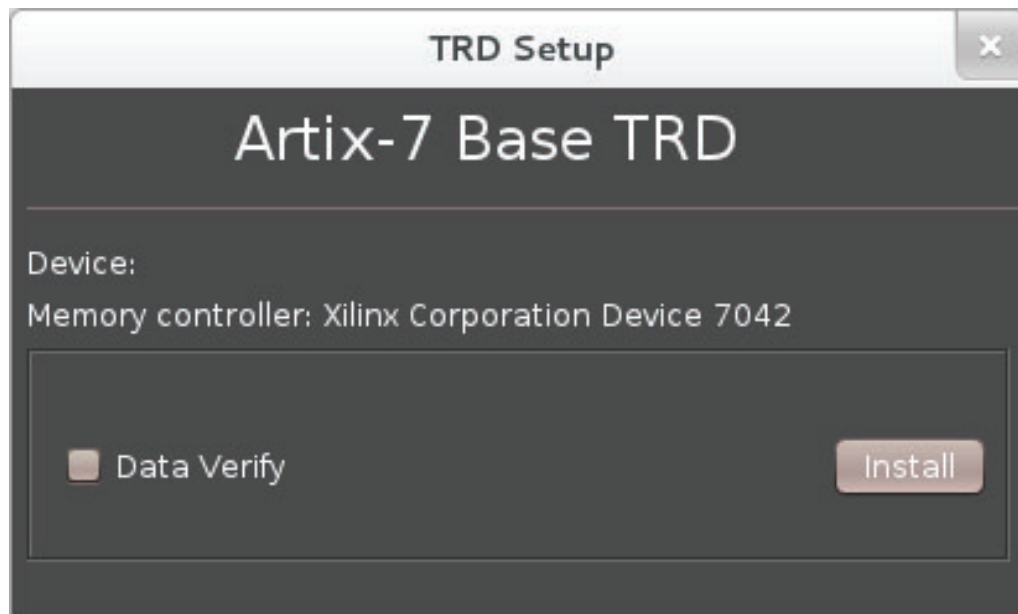


Figure 22: Running the quickstart.sh Script

- The GUI showing driver installation options appears as shown in [Figure 23](#). Subsequent steps demonstrate the GUI operation by installing and removing drivers. Click **Install**.



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Figure 23: Artix-7 FPGA Base TRD Driver Installation GUI

After installing the driver, the control and monitoring user interface appears as shown in [Figure 24](#). The control view shows control parameters such as test mode (loopback, generator, or checker) and packet length. The system monitor tab shows system power and temperature. The GUI also provides an LED indicator for DDR3 memory calibration.

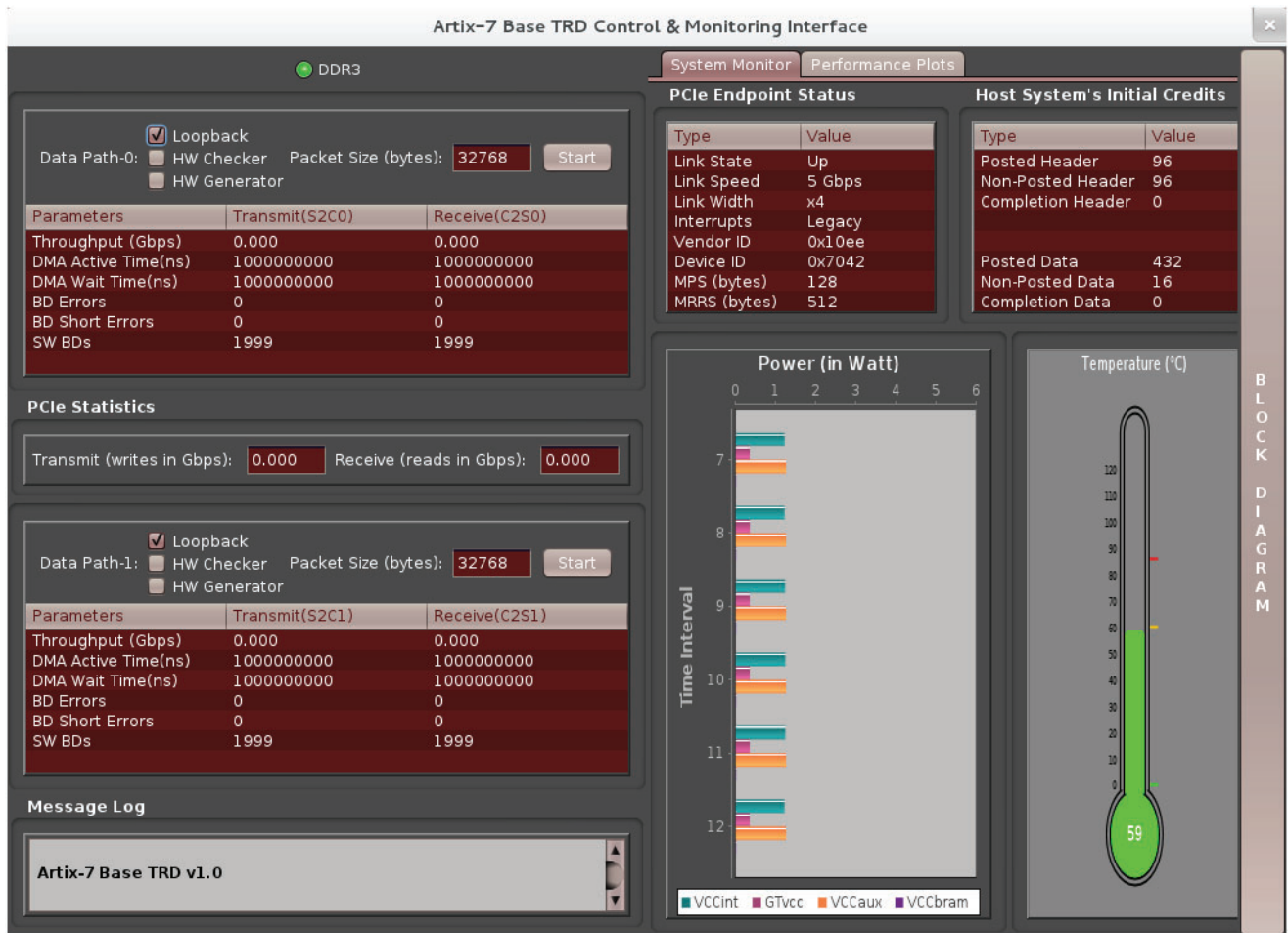


Figure 24: Artix-7 FPGA Base TRD Control and Monitoring Interface

Using the Application GUI

The transmission and reception of data is configured through the application GUI. The GUI displays collected statistics and other status information.

At startup, the GUI displays a launching page which detects the PCIe device for this design (Vendor ID = 0x10EE and Device ID = 0x7042). When the appropriate device is detected, driver installation is allowed to proceed. An additional option is available which allows the enabling of a data integrity check. Upon successful installation of the drivers, the control and monitoring interface appears.

GUI Control Function

These parameters are controlled with the GUI:

- Packet size for traffic generation.
- Test selection:
 - Loopback
 - HW checker
 - HW Generator

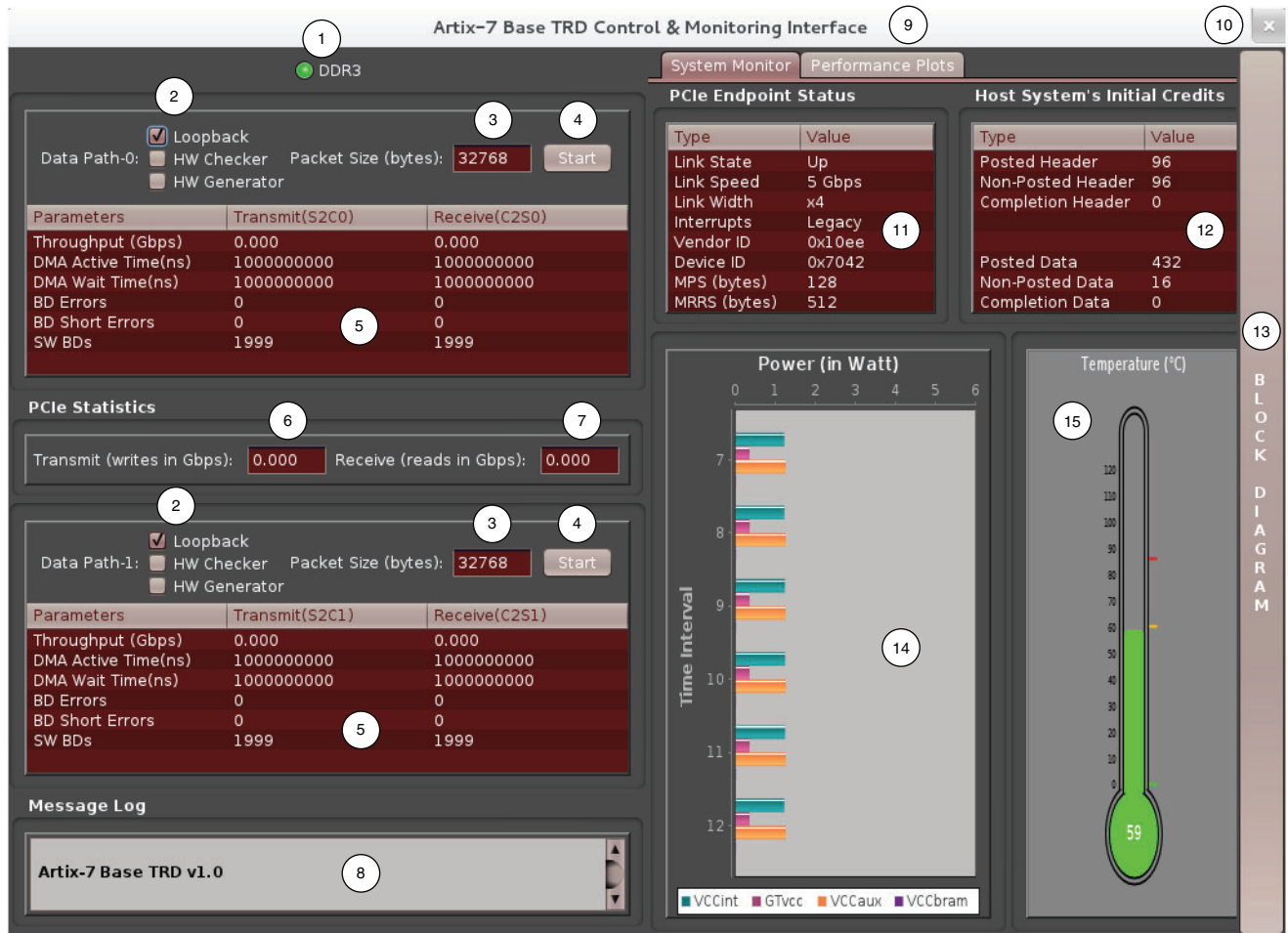
GUI Monitor Function

The driver always maintains information about the hardware status. The GUI periodically issues an I/O Control, `ioctl()`, to read the status information which is comprised of:

- PCIe link and device status
- DMA controller status
- Power status

The driver maintains a set of circular arrays to hold second-by-second sampling points of various statistics which are periodically collected by the performance monitor handler.

The various GUI indicators and controls are detailed in [Figure 25](#) and [Table 5](#).



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Figure 25: Control and Monitoring Interface

Table 5: Control and Monitoring Interface Components

Callout	Component	Component Description
1	Led Indicator	Indicates DDR3 calibration information; Green on calibration, red otherwise
2	Test Option	Options to select Loopback, HW Generator, or HW checker
3	Packet size	Packet size for the test run with allowed packet size shown as a tool tip
4	Test start/stop control	Button to control the start and end of the test

Table 5: Control and Monitoring Interface Components (Cont'd)

Callout	Component	Component Description
5	DMA statistics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Throughput (Gbps): DMA payload throughput in gigabits per second for transmit and receive controllers • DMA Active Time (ns): The time in nanoseconds that the DMA controller has been active in the last second • DMA Wait Time (ns): The time in nanosecond that the DMA controller waited for the software to provide more descriptors • BD Errors: Indicates a count of buffer descriptors (BD) that caused a DMA error as indicated by the error status field in the descriptor update • BD Short Errors: Indicates a short error in the buffer descriptors in the transmit direction when the entire buffer specified by length in the descriptor could not be fetched (Not applicable to the receive direction) • SW BDs: Indicates the total count of buffer descriptors set up in the descriptor ring
6	PCIe Transmit (writes in Gbps)	Reports transmitted (endpoint card to host) throughput as obtained from the PCIe endpoint hardware performance monitor
7	PCIe Receive (reads in Gbps)	Reports received (host to endpoint card) throughput as obtained from the PCIe endpoint hardware performance monitor
8	Message log	Text box showing informational messages, warnings, or errors
9	Performance plots	Click this tab to plot the PCIe transactions on the AXI4-Stream interface and show the payload statistics graph based on the DMA controller performance monitor
10	Close button	Click this button to close the GUI
11	PCIe Endpoint Status	Reports the contents of various PCIe endpoint configuration fields as reported in the endpoint configuration space
12	Host System's Initial Credits	Initial flow control credits advertised by the host system after link training with the endpoint (A value of zero implies infinite flow control credits)
13	Block diagram button	Click this button to show a case block diagram of each mode currently running
14	Power statistics	Power in Watt plotted for the VCCINT, GTVCC, VCCAUX, and VCCBRAM rails
15	Temperature	Monitors the current die temperature

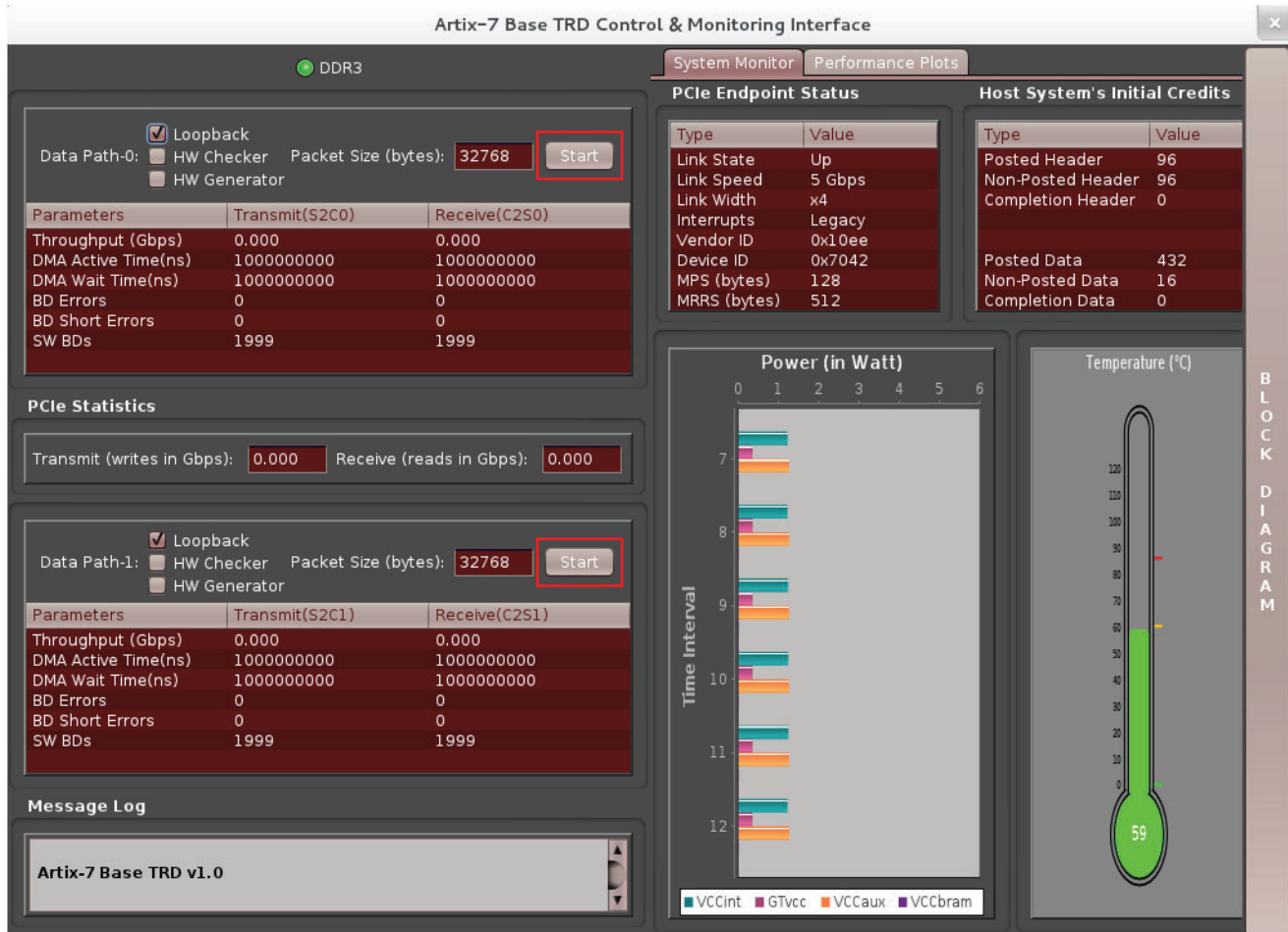
Notes:

1. Items 2 through 5 are duplicated for each of the two data paths.

The GUI was developed using the JAVA environment. The Java Native Interface (JNI) was used to build the bridge between the driver and the GUI. This code can also be used with the Windows operating system with only minor changes.

Evaluating the TRD

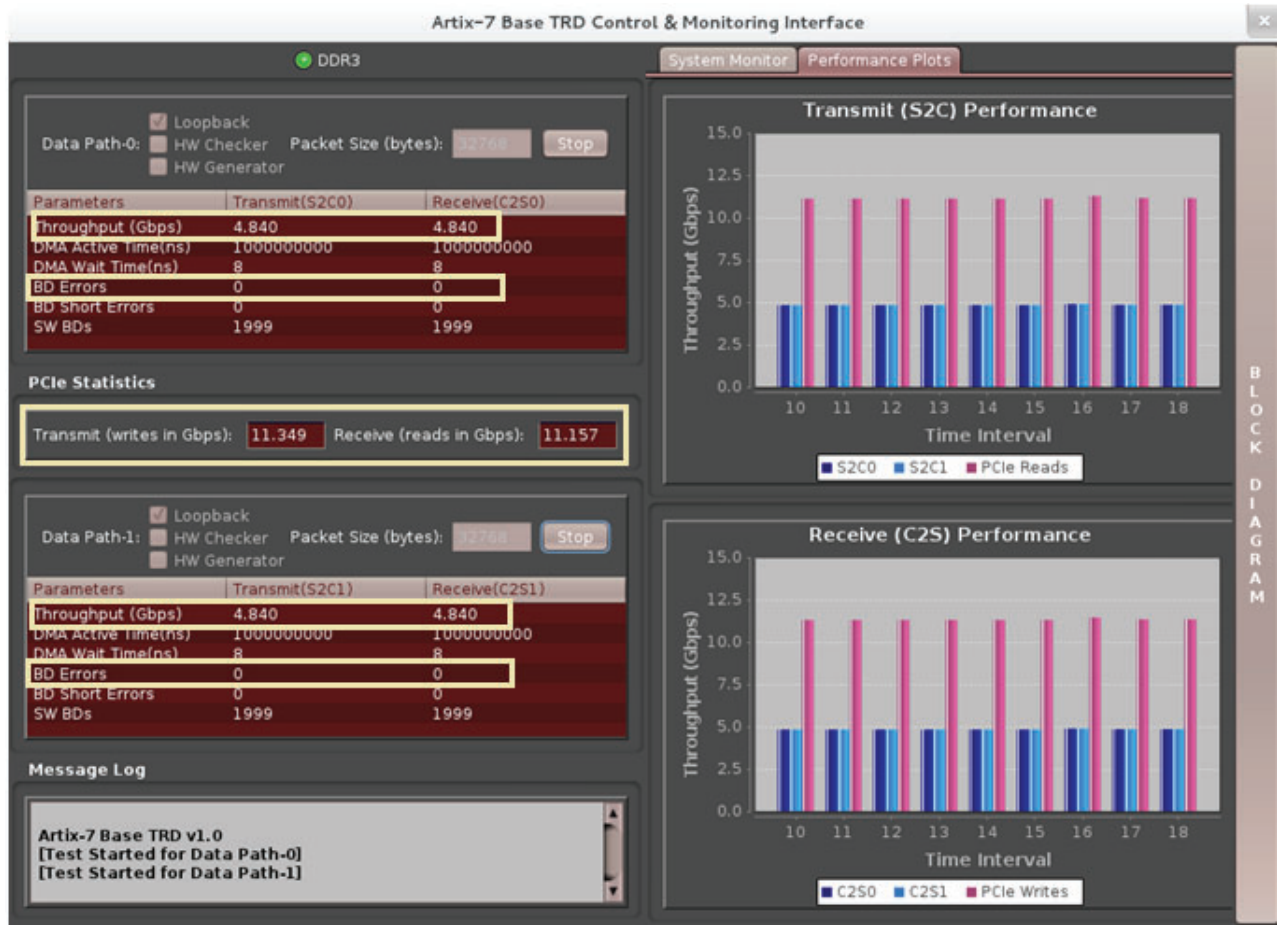
1. To start the data traffic on the two data paths:
 - a. Click **Start** on Datapath-0 as shown in Figure 26. This enables the driver to start generating the data for Datapath-0.
 - b. Click **Start** on Datapath-1 as shown in Figure 26. This enables the driver to start generating the data for Datapath-1.



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Figure 26: Start Data Traffic from GUI

2. Verify TRD operations through the status information provided by the GUI as shown in Figure 10:
 - a. Verify PCIe endpoint throughput.
 - b. Verify the DMA Channel throughput for Datapath-0.
 - c. Verify the DMA Channel throughput for Datapath-1.
 - d. Verify that there are no buffer descriptor errors for error-free operation.



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Figure 27: Verifying Error-free Operation and Performance Plots

3. Click the **Performance Plots** tab. The system-to-card and card-to-system performance numbers for a specific packet size are shown. The packet size can be adjusted and the resulting performance variation observed.
4. Close the GUI. This uninstalls the driver and opens the driver installation options screen of the Artix-7 FPGA Base TRD. Driver un-installation requires the control and monitoring GUI to first be closed.

This completes system performance evaluation of the Artix-7 FPGA Base TRD using the pre-built demonstration bit file. The reference design can now be modified. The Vivado design suite must be installed before proceeding with custom modifications. The design tools do not need to be installed on the same host PC in which the AC701 evaluation board is installed.

Additional Resources

Xilinx Resources

For support resources such as Answers, Documentation, Downloads, and Forums, see the Xilinx Support website at:

www.xilinx.com/support.

For continual updates, add the Answer Record to your myAlerts:

www.xilinx.com/support/myalerts.

For a glossary of technical terms used in Xilinx documentation, see:

www.xilinx.com/company/terms.htm.

Solution Centers

See the [Xilinx Solution Centers](#) for support on devices, software tools, and intellectual property at all stages of the design cycle. Topics include design assistance, advisories, and troubleshooting tips.

Further Resources

The most up to date information related to the AC701 board and its documentation is available on these websites.

Artix-7 FPGA AC701 Evaluation Kit product page

www.xilinx.com/ac701

Artix-7 FPGA AC701 Evaluation Kit Master Answer Record

<http://www.xilinx.com/support/answers/51900.htm>

Artix-7 FPGA Base Targeted Reference Design Release Notes and Known Issues Master Answer Record

<http://www.xilinx.com/support/answers/53372.htm>

Artix-7 FPGA Product Table

www.xilinx.com/publications/prod_mktg/Artix7-Product-Table.pdf

[UG476](#), *Artix-7 FPGA GTP Transceivers User Guide*

[UG586](#), *Artix-7 FPGA Memory Interface Solutions*

[UG477](#), *Artix-7 FPGA Integrated Block for PCI Express*

[PG035](#), *LogiCORE IP AXI4 Stream Interconnect*

[PG038](#), *LogiCORE IP AXI VFIFO Controller*

[UG952](#), *AC701 Evaluation Board for the Artix-7 FPGA User Guide*

[UG886](#), *AMS101 Evaluation Card User Guide*

Vivado™ Design Suite: www.xilinx.com/products/design-tools/vivado/index.htm

[UG626](#), *Synthesis and Simulation Design Guide*

PicoBlaze Documentation and related programming: www.xilinx.com/picoblaze

[WP350](#), *Understanding Performance of PCI Express Systems*, White Paper

References

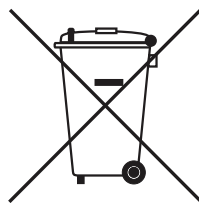
These websites provide supplemental material useful with this guide:

1. USB-UART drivers from SiLabs: http://www.silabs.com/Support%20Documents/Software/CP210x_VCP_Win_XP_S2K3_Vista_7.exe
2. Fedora Project: fedoraproject.org
3. Northwest Logic DMA Back End Core: www.nwlogic.com/packetdma

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